Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.—There are Bar Associations in Bangalore, Mysore and Shimoga. Each is independent of the other. Unless all these Associations are co-ordinated and affiliated to a Central Association, no representation should be given.

SUBJECT No. 67.

Repeal of the Press Law.

Mr. N. Rajagopala Iyengar, Bar Association, Mysore.

Mr. Rajagopaliengar.—The Press Law may be repealed as it is acting as a Damocles' sword.

Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.—Let judicial enquiry be made. Either the Act should be in force or it should be repealed. It should be considered now whether the conditions under which it was introduced still continue and whether it should not be repealed. Freedom of speech and writing may be given and we will write better articles. Government may say that they do not prosecute anybody. The Press people will say that they will be deported if they write freely. Government may give a final reply, whether or not they are going to repeal the Press Law, so that matters may be set at rest some time. A Publicity Bureau as in Madras may be started.

Third Member of Council.—The present freedom is ample.

Mr. Karnick Krishnamurthi Rao.—Whether the Act should be continued or not should be considered. There is no freedom to criticise freely. Free opinion cannot be expressed. Government should consider and repeal the Act. Let them repeal it for two years and if the privilege is abused, let them introduce it again.

Dewan.—Noted.

SUBJECT No. 68.

Legislation against the adulteration of milk.

Mr. Thimmiah, Tarikere Taluk.

Mr. Thimmiah.—Milk and curds are being offered for sale with a large quantity of water added to them. An act may be passed against such adulteration at an early date.

Third Member of Council.—A draft Bill will be placed before the Legislative Council in November next.

Mr. Vema Reddi.—Such a law should not be passed as it would be very difficult to get milk in villages if such a law is passed. The disadvantages of the law would be very many.

Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer.—It is very easy to pass the laws but it is very difficult to put them into practice. For instance, there is the Juvenile Smoking